FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION 999 E Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20463 COMMISSION SECRETARIAT

2005 FEB -4 P 4: 52

SENSITIVE

MUR:

FIRST GENERAL COUNSEL'S REPORT

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DATE COMPLAINT FILED:

October 13, 2004

DATE OF NOTIFICATION:

October 20, 2004

DATE ACTIVATED:

December 6, 2004

EXPIRATION OF STATUTE

OF LIMITATIONS:

April 1, 2009

COMPLAINANT:

Harry Sherr

RESPONDENTS:

Swift Boat Vets and POWs for Truth

Roy Hoffman, Alvin Horne, John O'Neil, and

Weymouth Symmes

RELEVANT STATUTES AND

REGULATIONS:

2 U.S.C. § 434(f)(3)

2 U.S.C. § 441b

11 C.F.R. § 114.10

INTERNAL REPORTS CHECKED:

Electioneering Communications Reports

FEDERAL AGENCIES CHECKED:

Internal Revenue Service

I. INTRODUCTION

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- The complaint alleges that Swift Boat Vets and POWs for Truth ("Swift Boat Vets") and
- 3 its officers violated the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended, (the "Act") by
- 4 making prohibited expenditures for electioneering communications. Specifically, the complaint

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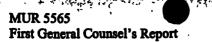
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- 1 contends that Swift Boat Vets is a corporate entity and thus may not make disbursements for
- 2 electioneering communications. In response to the complaint, Swift Boat Vets denies that it is
- 3 incorporated and claims that it has fully complied with the Act and regulations regarding
- 4 disbursements for electioneering communications. Based on a review of publicly available
- 5 information, this Office recommends that the Commission find no reason to believe that Swift
- 6 Boat Vets violated the Act in this matter and close the file.

II. FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS

According to electioneering communications reports filed with the Commission, Swift Boat Vets received \$20,941,845 in donations for television advertisements that cost \$18,813,850. In its original filings with the Commission, Swift Boat Vets checked the box stating that it was a qualified nonprofit corporation under 11 C.F.R. § 114.10. The complaint correctly notes that qualified nonprofit corporations must be organized under Section 504(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code, while Swift Boat Vets is organized under Section 527 of the Internal Revenue Code. See 11 C.F.R. § 114.10(c)(5). Consequently, the complaint contends that Swift Boat Vets made prohibited corporate expenditures to pay for its electioneering communications. See 2 U.S.C. § 441b(b)(2).

After the complaint was filed, Swift Boat Vets amended all of its electioneering communications reports to remove its designation as a qualified nonprofit corporation. Swift Boat Vets now states that the original designation was "inadvertent" and that it is an unincorporated organization.² A search of public records confirms that Swift Boat Vets has not incorporated. Accordingly, the sole factual basis for the complaint's allegations—Swift Boat Vets' self-designation as a qualified nonprofit corporation on its electioneering communications

² Swift Boat Vets also states in response to the complaint that it maintains separate bank accounts for corporate and individual donations and that it uses only donations from individuals to fund electioneering communications.

- 1 reports—has been disproved. Therefore, this Office recommends that the Commission find no
- 2 reason to believe that Swift Boat Vets or its officers violated the Act in this matter and close the
- 3 file.

III. RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. Find no reason to believe that Swift Boat Vets and POWs for Truth, Roy Hoffman, Alvin Horne, John O'Neil, and Weymouth Symmes violated the Act in this matter;
- 2. Approve the appropriate letters; and
- 3. Close the file

2/4/05 Date

Lawrence H. Norton General Counsel

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Mark D. Shonkwiler

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Attorney